



Featherstone Wood Primary School

Debt Policy

Reviewed : Spring 2022
Review date: Spring 2024

Headteacher.....

Date.....

Chair of finance committee.....

Date.....

Featherstone Wood Primary School

DEBT RECOVERY POLICY

General requirements

Featherstone Wood Primary School will take all reasonable measures to vigorously collect debts as part of its management of public funds. A debt will be written off only after all reasonable measures (commensurate with the size and nature of the debt) have been taken to recover it.

Featherstone Wood Primary School's debt recovery policy will observe the relevant financial regulations and guidance set out in the Financial Handbook for Schools and any other legal requirements. In particular:

- the Governing Body will not write-off any debt belonging to the school which exceeds £500. Any sums above this will be referred to the Director of Children Schools and Families for approval and the formal agreement of the County Council's Finance Director obtained before writing-off. (If any debtor has a number of debts which together exceed the write-off limit then these will be treated as a total amount).
- a formal record of any debts written off will be maintained and this will be retained for 7 years
- Featherstone Wood Primary School will not initiate any legal action to recover debts, but will refer any debts which it has not been able to collect (unless a decision to write-off the debt is demonstrably a reasonable course of action) to the County Secretary to consider taking legal or other action to recover the debt.
- the school will NOT write-off any debt belonging to the County Council or another party, e.g. debts for school meals. If in doubt as to the appropriate action to collect any such debts the school will seek advice promptly from officers of the County Council.

School staff are expected to follow the following procedures to secure the collection of all debts.

Recording of goods or services supplied where payment is not received in advance or 'at the point of sale'.

A record will be kept of all such supplies that details what was supplied, the value, the date(s) and the identity of the 'debtor', e.g. child, parent, hirer, etc.

Where invoices are raised these should state the date by which payment is due.

In all other cases correspondence with parents, etc. should indicate the maximum period that the school regards as reasonable before payment is overdue, e.g. contributions for a school trip should be received by, payment for items purchased should be sent to the school office by, etc.

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The Resources and Finance Committee or Governing Body in consultation with the head teacher should determine what the reasonable 'credit period' is if this is not otherwise specified, e.g. the governors may stipulate the maximum settlement period for school lettings in a separate 'premises hiring policy'.

Initial reminders

Initial reminders may be informal and made either in person (when a parent comes to collect/drop off the child) or by telephone. Normally, the secretary will undertake this having built up a good relationship with the parents.

First reminder letter

A formal reminder letter should be issued after '2' weeks from any informal reminder / the date of supply, e.g. *two weeks. If action is to proceed further, it is necessary to prove that all reasonable attempts have been made to recover the debt, and that these attempts have been made in a timely manner, i.e. at the time that the debt first became overdue.*

Second reminder letter

A second reminder letter will be issued in '2' weeks after the First reminder letter.

Using reminder letters

Should a debt need to be taken beyond two reminder letters, formal written evidence may have to be produced. It is therefore important that at least one, but preferably two, written reminders are sent. Details of all reminders, whether verbal or in writing, should be maintained. Where a letter is issued, a copy must be retained on file.

Failure to respond to reminders / settle a debt

When a debt reaches £20, parents/carers will be informed that the service for which the debt has accrued will be withdrawn, until the debt has been repaid or a repayment plan has been agreed.

If no response is received from the reminders issued, a letter will be sent to the debtor advising them that the matter will be referred to the County Secretary's Department, Legal and Administration.

At the discretion of the Governing Body/Resources and Finance Committee the debtor may be advised that they will be required to pay in advance for all future supplies or the supply will no longer be available to them. This decision and its basis will be recorded.

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Negotiation of repayment terms

Debtors are expected to settle the amount owed by a single payment as soon as possible after receiving the first 'overdue reminder'.

If a debtor asks for 'repayment terms' these may be negotiated at the discretion of the Chair of the Resource and Finance Committee. A record of all such agreements will be kept.

A letter will be issued to the debtor confirming the agreed terms (unless this not judged necessary). The settlement period should be the shortest that is judged reasonable.

The Chair of the Resource and Finance Committee will decide whether any debtor who has been granted extended settlement terms will not be offered any further 'credit' and will be required to pay in advance in future.

Costs of debt recovery

Where the school incurs material additional costs in recovering a debt then the Governing Body will decide whether to seek to recover such costs from the debtor. This decision and its basis will be recorded.

The debtor will be formally advised that they will be required to pay the additional costs incurred by the school in recovering the debt.

Reporting of outstanding debt levels

The school office will ensure that the level of outstanding debt is known and can be determined at any time.

The Resource and Finance Committee will review the level of outstanding debts every term to determine whether this level is acceptable and whether action to recover debts is effective.

Bad debts

The school should already have outlined who has the authority to write off a debt accruing to the school, and identified any limitations to this authority in its Schedule of Financial Delegation or similar document. The school's debt recovery policy should be cross-referenced to the Schedule of Financial Delegation.

Write-off of any debt is greater than £200 requires the written approval of the Resources Committee of the Governing Body up to a maximum of £500.

A record of the write-off, the reason for it, and the approval for it, will be retained for 7 years.

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Any debt belonging to the County Council will be referred to the appropriate officer for consideration/action without delay once the school has taken reasonable measures to collect the debt (i.e. has followed the reminder notification procedures set out above).

In the case of school meal debts the procedure set out in the School Meals & Milk Administration Handbook will be followed.

Gateway Payments

Currently the school operates an on-line payment system. This allows parents and carers to make payments for dinners, visits and clubs.

If this system is used and payment is declined it is imperative that the payment is made, in cash, the following day.

The school holds the right to decline access to The Gateway payment system if payments are declined on two or more occasions and the debt is not made good on the following day.

Policy Review

This policy was last reviewed and agreed by the Full Governing Body on 25/1/2022

It is due for review in Spring term 2024